# Microfluidic System for CO2 Reduction to Hydrocarbons in Microgravity, Phase I

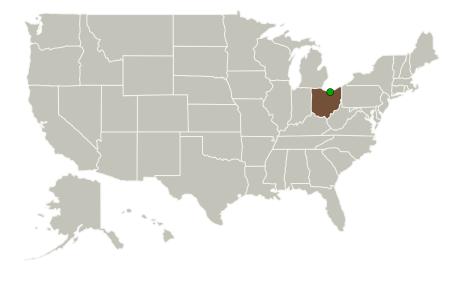
NASA

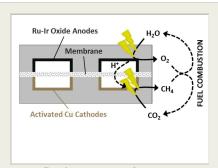
Completed Technology Project (2014 - 2014)

#### **Project Introduction**

In the combined Phase I and Phase II programs Faraday and our MIT collaborators will demonstrate the feasibility of low-cost fabrication of highefficiency, microchannel-plate reactors for the electrocatalytic reduction of CO2 to CH4. The proposed concept is founded on FARADAYIC® Through-Mask Etching of metallic (e.g., stainless steel and titanium) substrates to form suitable microchannel electrodes, and on pulse-reverse FARADAYIC® Electrodeposition of copper for uniform coating of the cathode surfaces. The electrocatalytic efficiency of the copper layer will be enhanced through the use of a literature-reported oxide-reduction process. Inclusion of a suitably large density of channels should result in substantial active area in a compact form factor, while entirely avoiding the complications of packed-bed type reactors. Faraday plans to focus development toward the ultimate use of roomtemperature ionic liquids (ILs), as they afford such advantages as negligible evaporative loss, generally high CO2 solubility and low CH4 solubility, and a broad potential window of electrochemical inertness. The particular challenge of gas-liquid separations in microgravity, where buoyant effects cannot be exploited, will be addressed through a novel centripetal application of an established spiral-channel microfluidic concept. The envisioned system described in this proposal consists of three distinct unit operations: (1) an absorber which "getters" gaseous CO2 from the atmosphere using a wet room temperature IL-based electrolyte, (2) a microfluidic electroreactor which efficiently converts the CO2 to CH4 with oxygen being generated as useful byproduct, and (3) a spiral-channel gas-liquid separator to remove the CH4 and O2 from the IL stream which is recycled to the absorber.

#### **Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners**





Microfluidic System for CO2 Reduction to Hydrocarbons in Microgravity Project Image

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#### Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

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Organizations Performing Work	Role	Туре	Location
Faraday Technology,	Lead	Industry	Clayton,
Inc	Organization		Ohio
Glenn Research Center(GRC)	Supporting	NASA	Cleveland,
	Organization	Center	Ohio

#### **Primary U.S. Work Locations**

Ohio

#### **Project Transitions**

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June 2014: Project Start

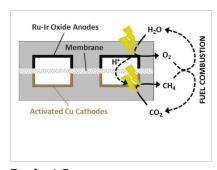


December 2014: Closed out

#### **Closeout Documentation:**

• Final Summary Chart(https://techport.nasa.gov/file/137679)

#### **Images**



#### **Project Image**

Microfluidic System for CO2 Reduction to Hydrocarbons in Microgravity Project Image (https://techport.nasa.gov/imag e/132888)

## Organizational Responsibility

# Responsible Mission Directorate:

Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD)

#### **Lead Organization:**

Faraday Technology, Inc

#### **Responsible Program:**

Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

### **Project Management**

#### **Program Director:**

Jason L Kessler

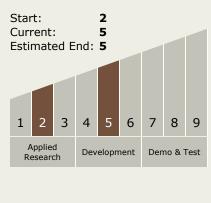
### Program Manager:

Carlos Torrez

#### **Principal Investigator:**

Brian Skinn

# Technology Maturity (TRL)





Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

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### **Technology Areas**

#### **Primary:**

- TX07 Exploration Destination Systems
  - ☐ TX07.1 In-Situ Resource Utilization
    - └─ TX07.1.3 Resource
      Processing for
      Production of Mission
      Consumables

### **Target Destinations**

The Moon, Mars, Outside the Solar System, The Sun, Earth, Others Inside the Solar System

